# Kingdom Finished

## Kingdom Finished Chapters 26-28

#### 5 segments of *didactive* teaching



Matthew: A Handbook for Discipleship (what does it look like to be a follower of Christ?)

#### 6 segments of *narrative* of events



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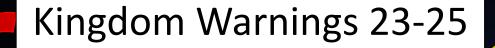


**Kingdom Finished 26-28** 

-Passion Week

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	sday	riday	Saturday	<u>Sunday</u>
Triumphal	Curses the	Temple	Woman	Last Supper	Betrayal and	Roman	Empty tomb
Entry	Fig Tree	Controversies	anoints Jesus	Mt. of Olives	arrest	Guard is	witnesses
Weeps	Cleanses the	Olivet	Sanhedrin plots	Jesus prays in	Trials and	posted at the tomb	Resurrection
over	Temple	Discourse	to kill Jesus and	the Garden of	Crucifixion	Matt. 27	appearances
Jerusalem			interview Judas	Gethsemane		Watti 27	

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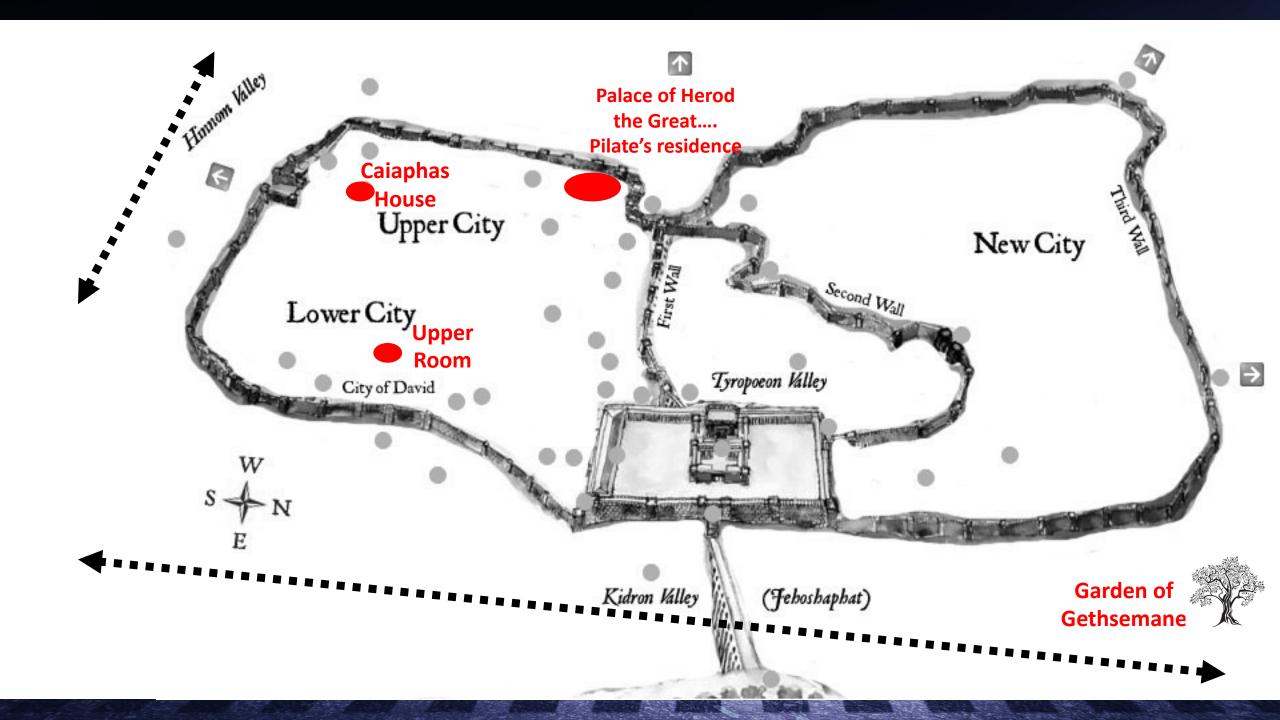
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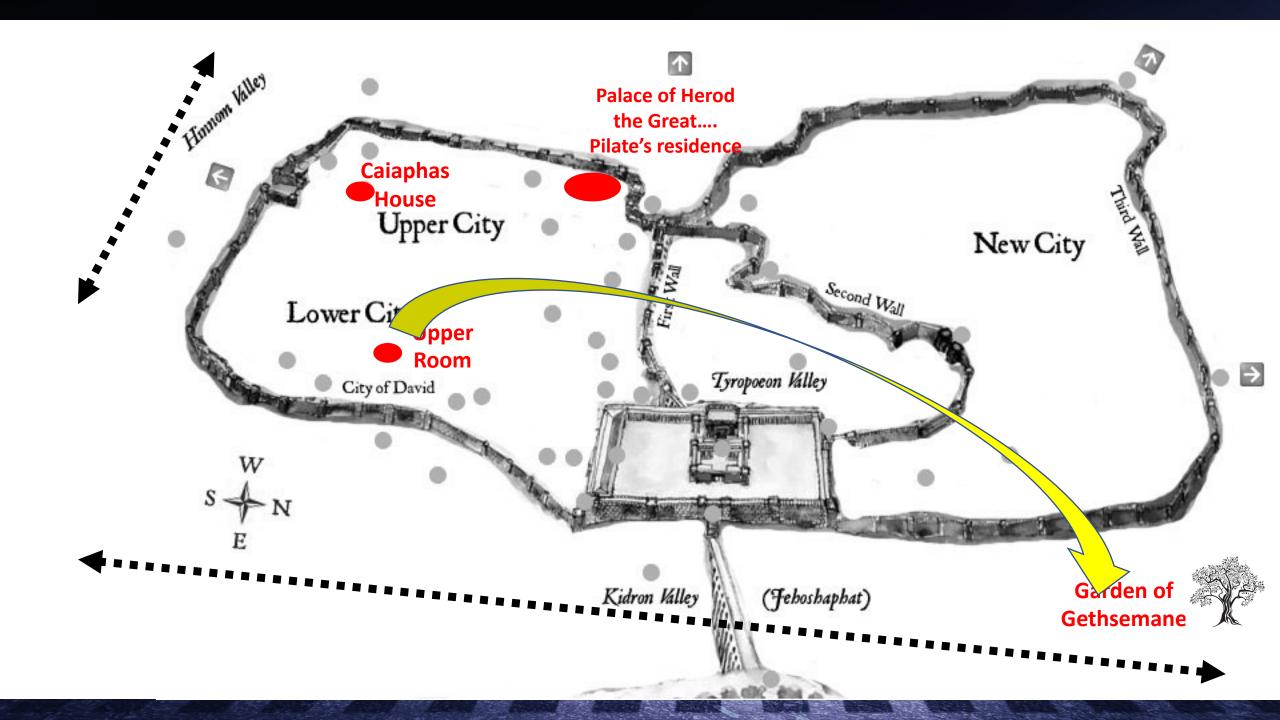
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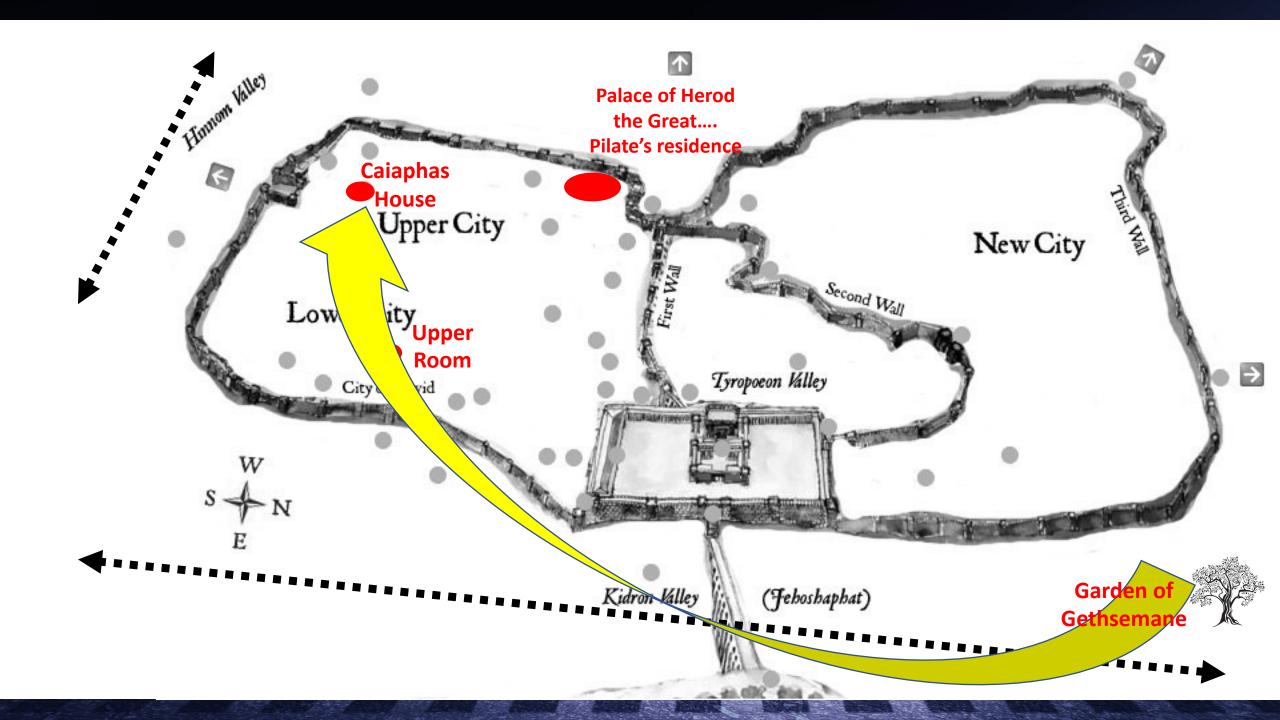
#### **Matthew 27:1-10**

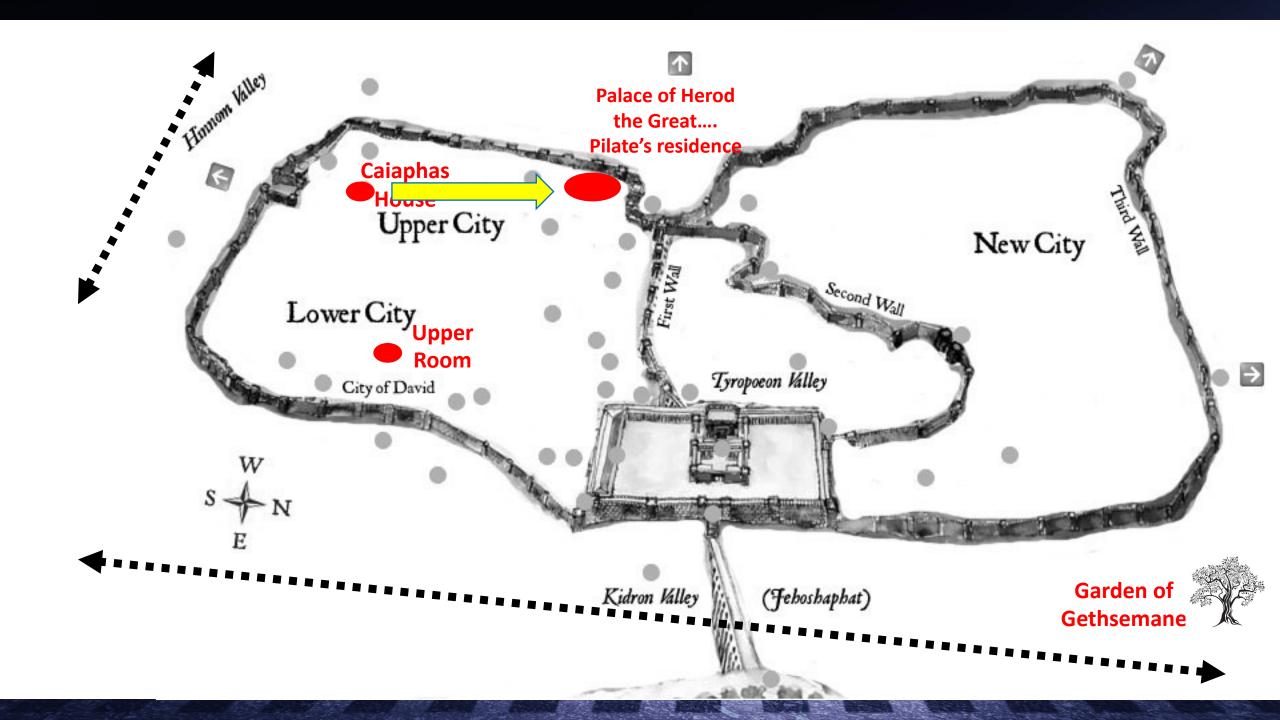
#### Matthew 27:1-10

<sup>1</sup> When morning came, all the chief priests and the elders of the people took counsel against Jesus to put Him to death.
 <sup>2</sup> And they bound Him and led Him away and delivered Him over to Pilate the governor.









<u>Judge</u>	<u>Texts</u>	<u>Decision</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Notes</u>
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<b>Caiaphas</b> Roman installed High Priest, Son-in-law of Annas	Matthew 26:57-68	<b>Guilty</b> -Blasphemy	3:00 am	House of the High Priest	<b>Illegal</b> -At night -On a feast day -Perjured witnesses
Sanhedrin Ruling authorities of the Jews	Matthew 27:1-2 Mark 15:1 Luke 22:66-71	<b>Guilty</b> -Blasphemy	6:00 am	Court of the Sanhedrin	<b>Illegal</b> -Sanhedrin members were both witness and judge
<b>Pontus Pilate</b> Governor of Judea	Luke 23:1-6 John 18:28-38	Innocent	6:30 am	Praetorium	<b>Illegal</b> -Innocent verdict should have ended the trial
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#### Corrupt

Not being responsible to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Condemn Orchestrating the denunciation of, and guilty verdict of, others based on our corrupt accusations.

#### **Contempt**

The obvious or subtle conviction and expression of the utter worthlessness of another.

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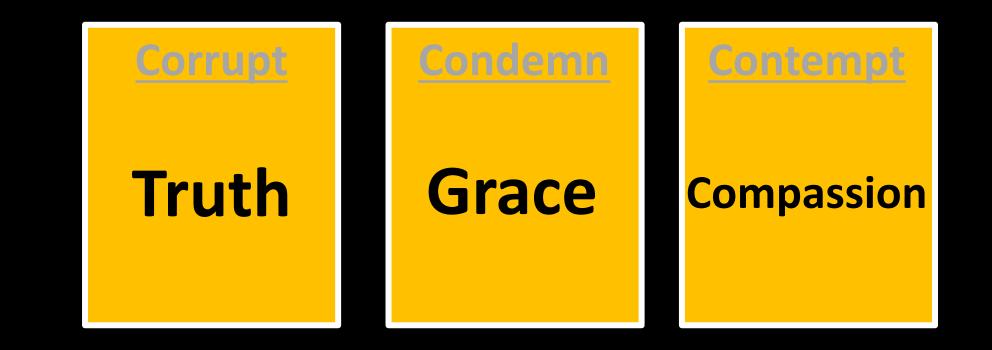
accusations.

#### **Contempt**

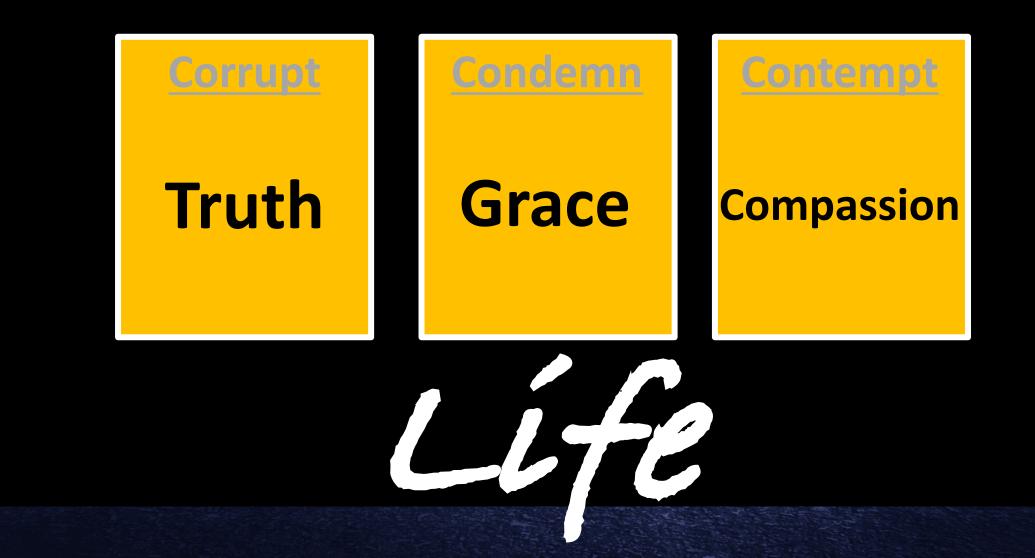
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Death









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**Definition:** to regret, to repent, to have remorse **Usage:** "I change my mind", (generally, *but not always*, for the better)

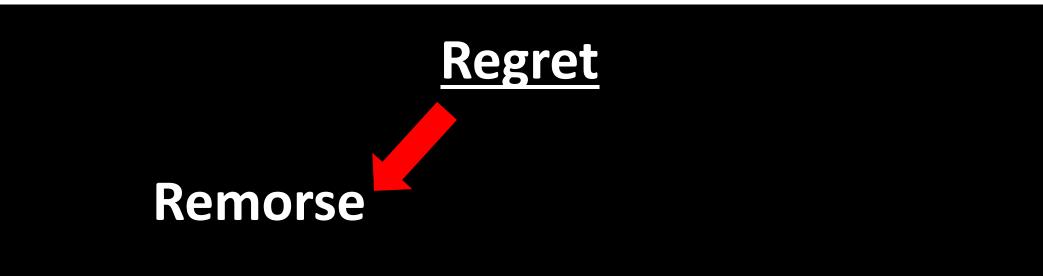
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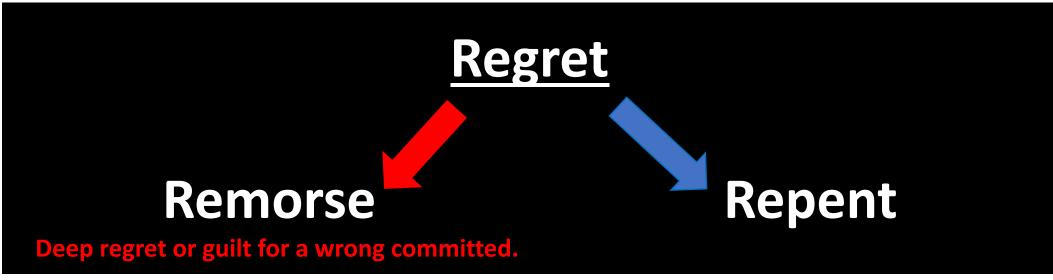
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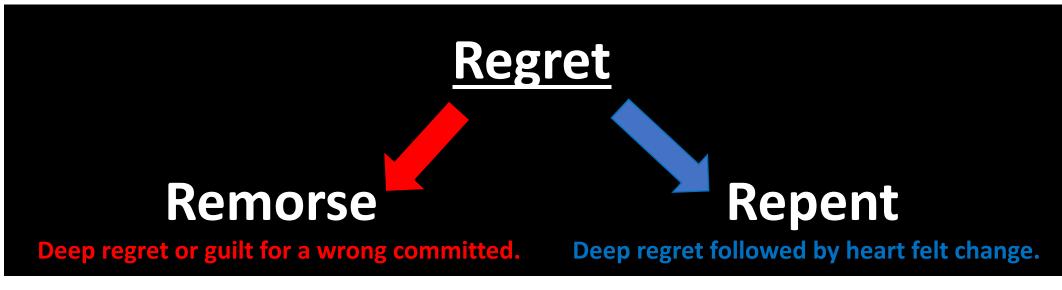
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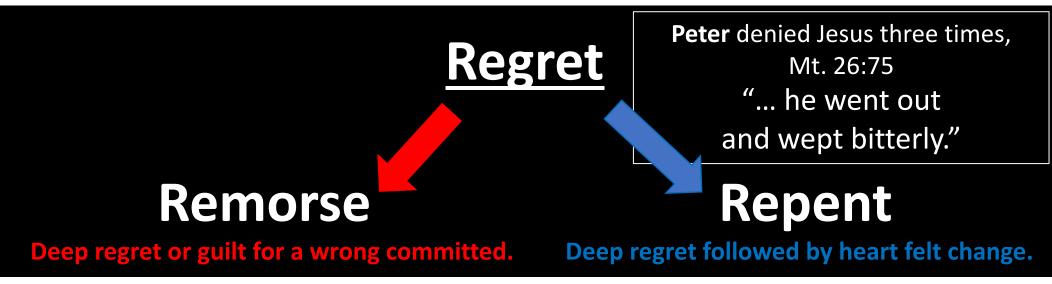
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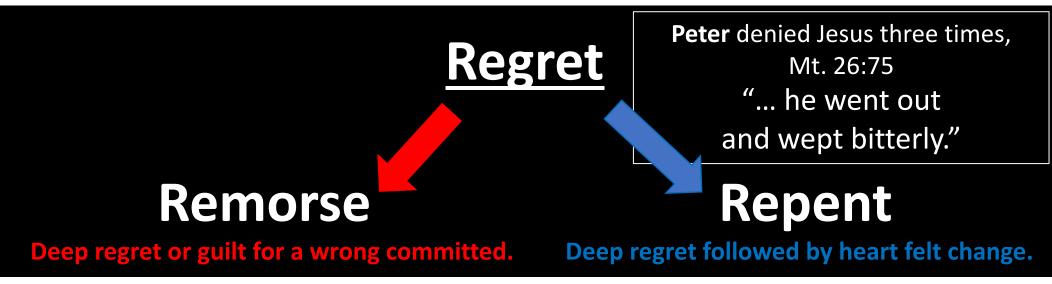
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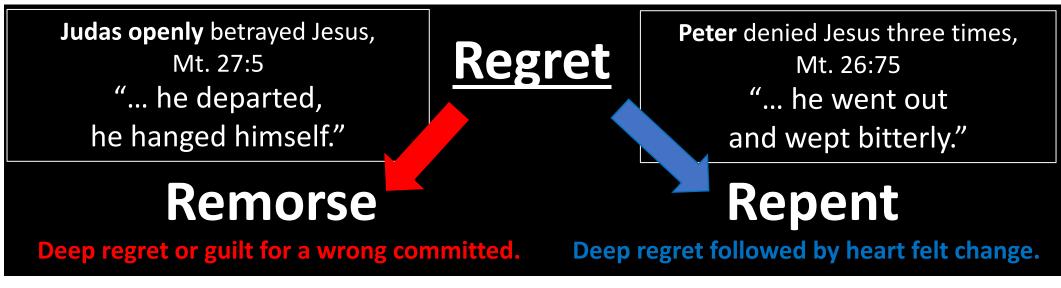
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Judas openly betrayed Jesus. Mt. 27:5 "... he departed, he hanged himself."

<u>Regret</u>

Peter denied Jesus three times. Mt. 26:75 "... he went out and wept bitterly."

## Remorse

Deep regret or guilt for a wrong committed.

**Repent** Deep regret followed by heart felt change. Judas openly betrayed Jesus, Mt. 27:5 "he departed, he hanged himself."

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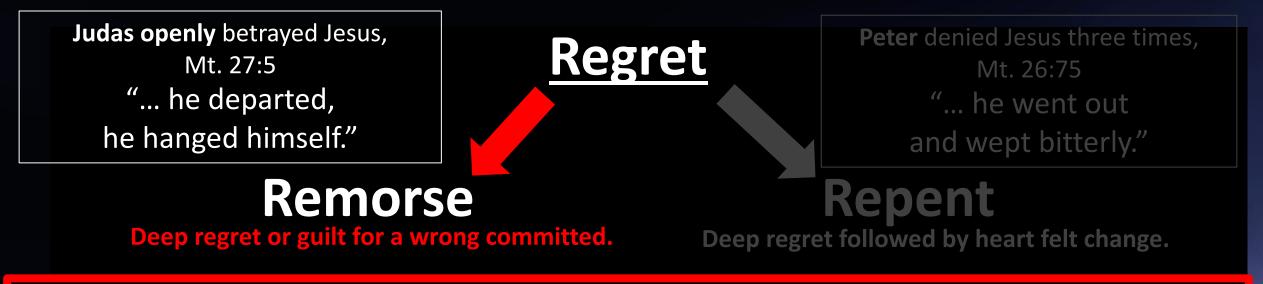


#### John 6:66-71

<sup>66</sup> After this many of His disciples turned back and no longer walked with Him.
<sup>67</sup> So Jesus said to the twelve, "Do you want to go away as well?"
<sup>68</sup> Simon Peter answered Him,

"Lord, to whom shall we go? You have the words of eternal life,

<sup>69</sup> and we have believed, and have come to know, that you are the Holy One of God."
<sup>70</sup> Jesus answered them, "Did I not choose you, the twelve? <u>And yet one of you is a devil</u>."
<sup>71</sup> He spoke of Judas the son of Simon Iscariot, for he, one of the twelve, was going to betray Him.



#### John 12:1-8

<sup>1</sup> Six days before the Passover, Jesus therefore came to Bethany, where Lazarus was, whom Jesus had raised from the dead.

<sup>2</sup> So they gave a dinner for Him there. Martha served, and Lazarus was one of those reclining with Him at table.

<sup>3</sup> Mary therefore took a pound of expensive ointment made from pure nard, and anointed the feet of Jesus and wiped His feet with her hair. The house was filled with the fragrance of the perfume.

(continued)



<sup>4</sup> But Judas Iscariot, one of His disciples (he who was about to betray Him), said,

- <sup>5</sup> "Why was this ointment not sold for three hundred denarii and given to the poor?"
- <sup>6</sup> He said this, not because he cared about the poor, but because <u>he was a thief</u>, <u>and having charge of the moneybag he used to help himself to what was put into it</u>. <sup>7</sup> Jesus said,

"Leave her alone, so that she may keep it for the day of my burial.

For the poor you always have with you, but you do not always have me."

8



#### Mark 14:21

<sup>17</sup> And when it was evening, He came with the twelve.

<sup>18</sup> And as they were reclining at table and eating, Jesus said,

"Truly, I say to you, one of you will betray me, one who is eating with me." <sup>19</sup> They began to be sorrowful and to say to Him one after another, "Is it I?" <sup>20</sup> He said to them,

"It is one of the twelve, one who is dipping bread into the dish with me.

<sup>21</sup> For the Son of Man goes as it is written of Him, but woe to that man by whom the Son of Man is betrayed! *It would have been better for that man if he had not been born.*"



#### Acts 1:21-26

<sup>21</sup> So one of the men who have accompanied us during all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us,

<sup>22</sup> beginning from the baptism of John until the day when he was taken up from us one of these men must become with us a witness to His resurrection."

<sup>23</sup> And they put forward two, Joseph called Barsabbas, who was also called Justus, and Matthias.

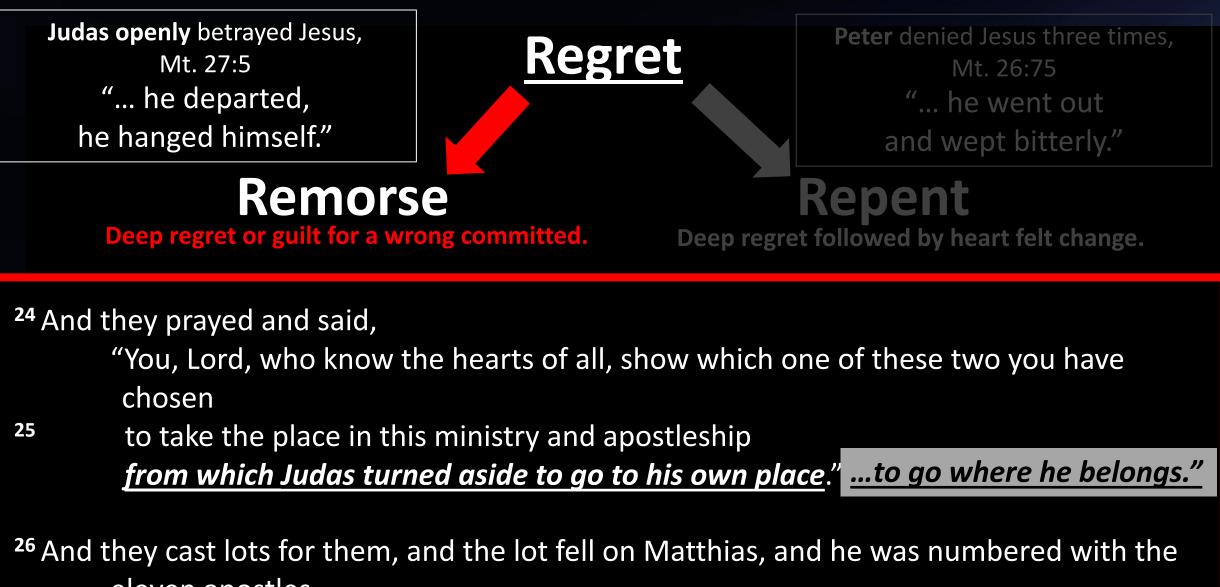
(continued)



<sup>24</sup> And they prayed and said,

- "You, Lord, who know the hearts of all, show which one of these two you have chosen
- to take the place in this ministry and apostleship from which Judas turned aside to go to his own place."

<sup>26</sup> And they cast lots for them, and the lot fell on Matthias, and he was numbered with the eleven apostles.



eleven apostles.

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## Remorse

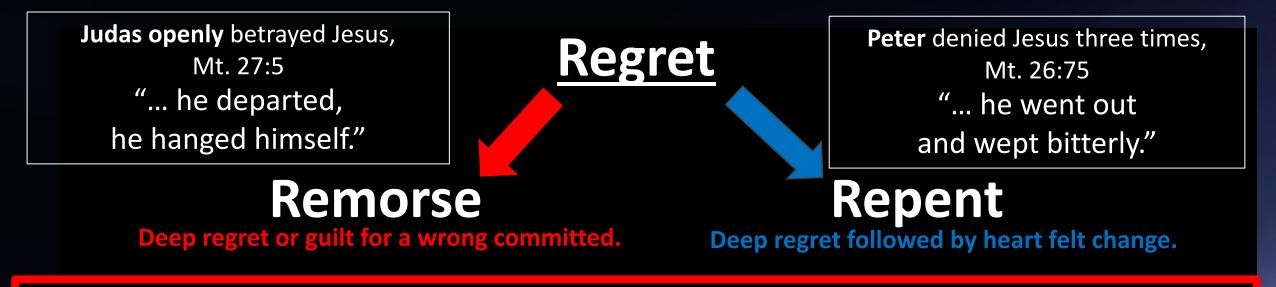
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Regret

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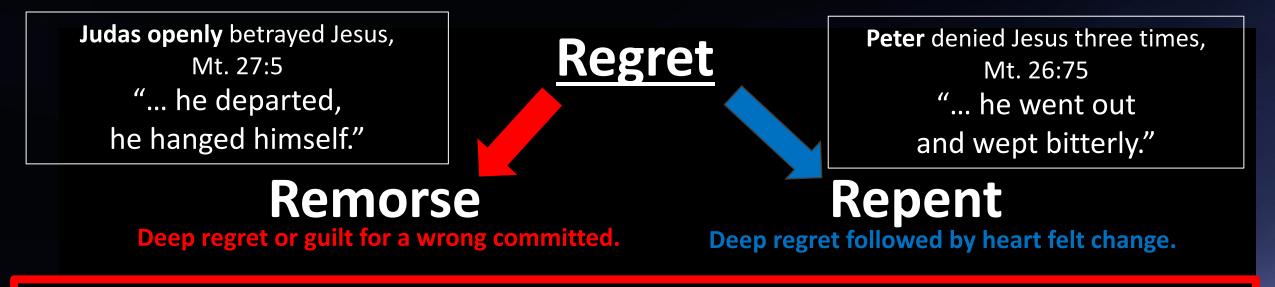
### Repent

Deep regret followed by heart felt change.



Why is this comparison fruitful for lives of faith and discipleship today? It is this point and this point only. There is nothing in us that warrants or evokes in Jesus or in his Father the action of saving us. Most significantly for the present discussion, it is not some quality in our repentance that tells the tale of either restoration or destruction. It was nothing within Judas or Peter; indeed, neither of them had anything left inside. It can even be desperately misleading to speak of "true repentance" verses "false repentance", although such language can be used if carefully nuanced. What matters is external to the person; what matters is the resource to which you turn when you have nothing left of your own. Judas took his sorrow and his confession to the wrong place. He found no word of forgiveness, and he died, it seems, in unbelieving despair.

Concordia Commentary, Matthew vol. 3, Jeffrey A. Gibbs



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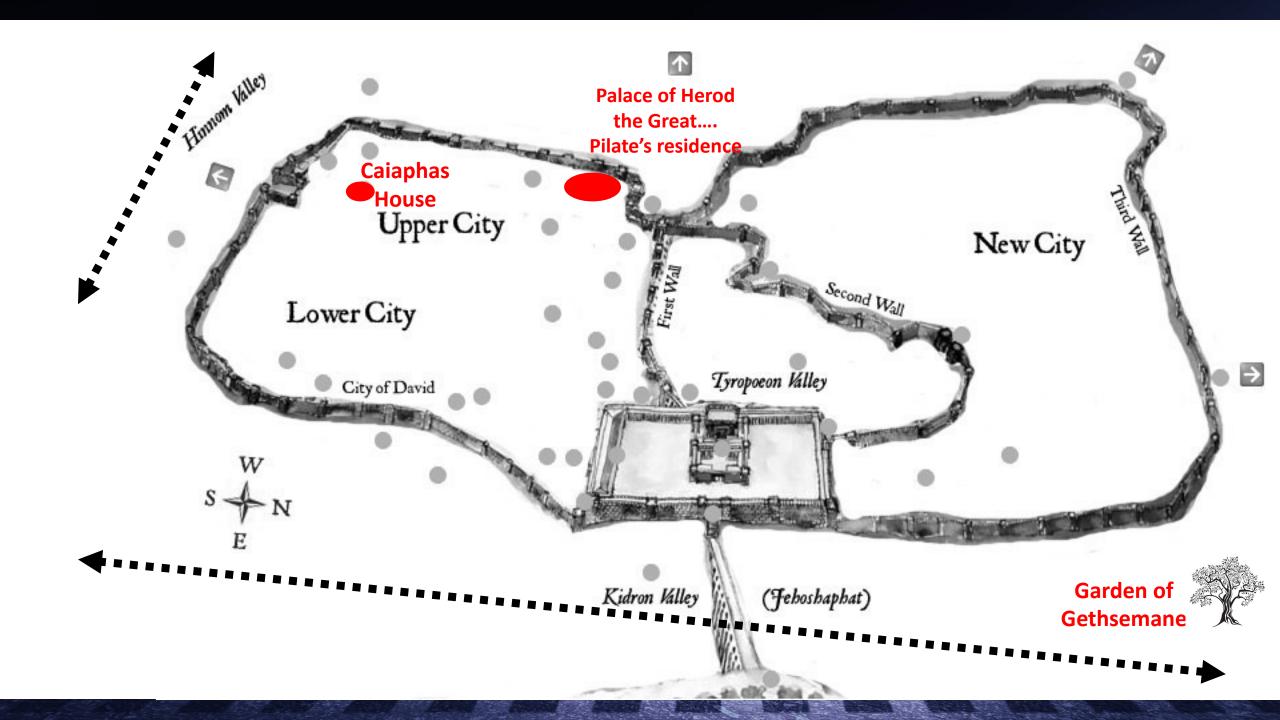
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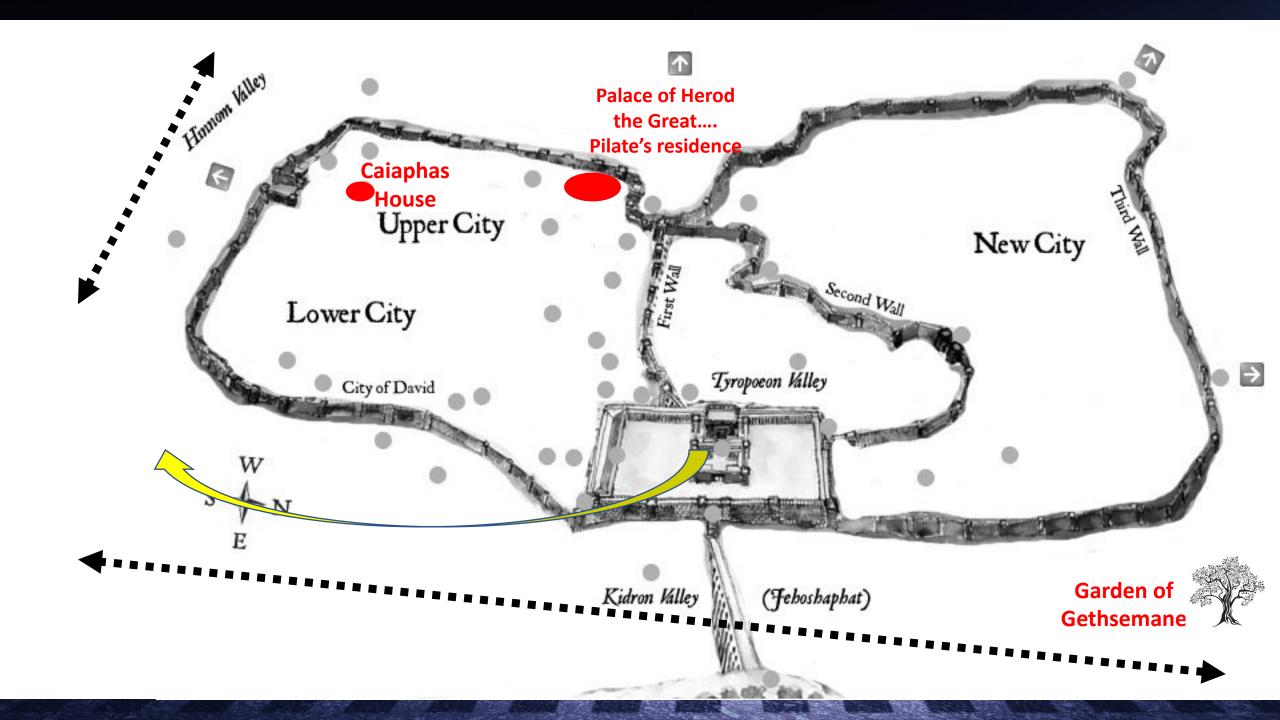
<sup>6</sup> But the chief priests, taking the pieces of silver, said, "It is not lawful to put them into the treasury, since it is blood money."

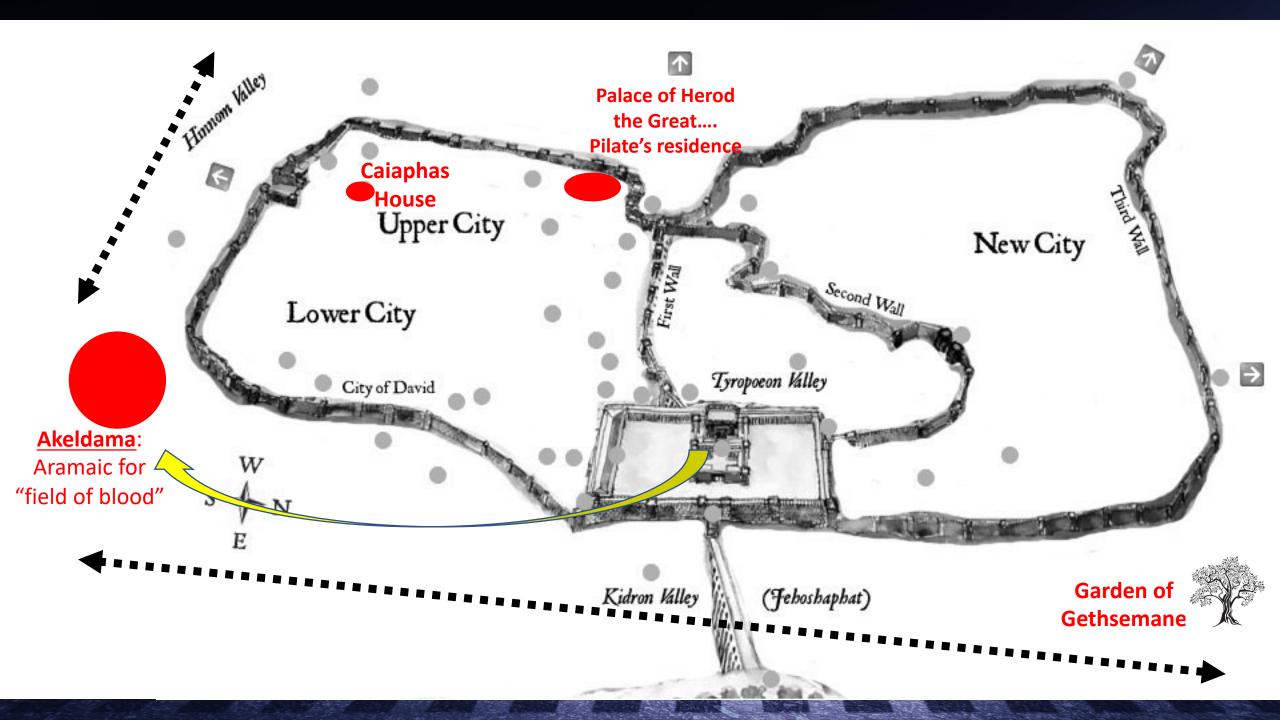
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<sup>9</sup> Then was fulfilled what had been spoken by the prophet Jeremiah, saying,

"And they took the thirty pieces of silver, the price of Him on whom a price had been set by some of the sons of Israel, and they gave them for the potter's field, as the Lord directed me."

10



### What do we learn from this passage?





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Details of the historic reality of the most tragic betrayal and fractured relationship in all of human history.

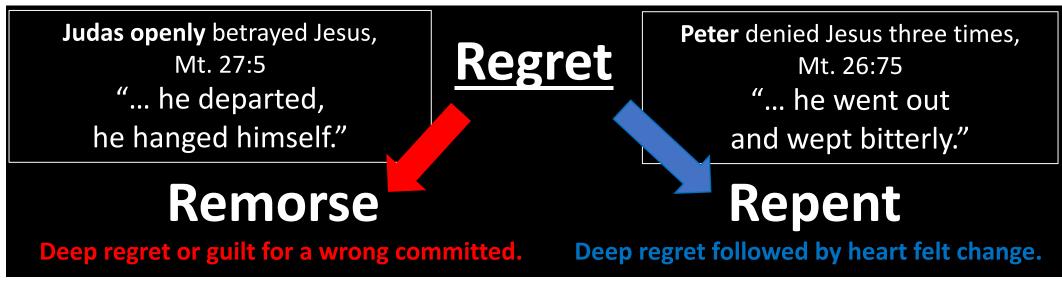


## So ... therefore ... what now?

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Peter took his regret to a lake in Galilee and found unconditional grace in the person of Christ and he lived with forgiveness and freedom.

